First Grade Reader Development

Text Levels: A-C

Emergent Reader Skills (End of Kindergarten Goal)

____ Knows all upper and lower case letters

____ Identifies and produces all letter sounds

____ Reads and writes 30 sight words

____ Writes first name without a model

____ Forms all upper and lower case letters correctly

____ Hears, decodes & records sounds in short vowel words correctly (*cat, box, sit*)

____ Tracks left-to-right across several lines of print

___ Matches one-to-one with words in text

____ Uses picture clues to figure out unknown words

____ Uses letter clues to figure out unknown words

____ Uses story content to figure out unknown words

____ Uses sentence structure to figure out unknown words

____ Rereads to correct errors or confirm predictions

____ Discusses a story with teacher prompts

____ Writes a simple sentence about a text

____ Reads accurately, with understanding, a later level emergent text (Text Level C)

Comments: _____

Text Levels: D-I

Early Reader Skills (End of 1st Grade Goal)

Knows all letters and sounds:

- single consonants _____ digraphs (*sh, th*) blends (*bl, tr*) _____ hard & soft c
- hard & soft g _____ short vowels

long vowels (a—e, i—e, o--e)

____ r-controlled vowels (*ar, er, ir, or, ur*)

____ regular vowel teams (*ai, ay, oa, ou, ow*)

_____ Flexibly uses a variety of strategic actions to figure out unknown words without teacher prompts (*letter sounds/patterns, story content, sentence structure, picture clues*)

____ Reads and writes 60-80 sight words

____ Monitors for, and corrects, meaning errors (*words make sense in the story content*)

____ Monitors for, and corrects, structure errors (*words* are grammatically correct)

____ Monitors for, and corrects, visual errors (letters and patterns match what is being read)

____ Retells what they have read (*beginning, middle,* end, most important events or details)

_____Answers a variety of questions about a text (*key* details, inferences, evaluative, vocabulary, character analysis/text features)

____ Reads easy and familiar books with phrasing and expression

___ Rereads easy and familiar books silently

____ Reads accurately, with understanding, a later level early text (Text Level I)

Text Levels: J-M

Transitional Reader Skills (End of 2nd Grade Goal)

____ Reads with automaticity a large number of sight words, most single-syllable words with common vowel patterns, and familiar multi-syllabic words

_____ Uses visual cues, sentence structure, and meaning as strategies to figure out unknown words with complex vowel patterns, inflected endings, prefixes & suffixes, and uncommon multisyllabic words independently

<u>Monitors for, and corrects, meaning, structure,</u> and visual errors independently to ensure text comprehension

____ Determines meaning of unknown vocabulary through context clues, prefixes & suffixes, root words, and compound words

____ Retells stories using story structure and main ideas with key details

_____Asks and answers a variety of questions (key details, inferences, evaluative, vocabulary, character analysis/text features) to demonstrate understanding of key details or story elements

____ Compares and contrasts details/elements and versions of literature or informational text

____ Reads with prosody, which includes phrasing, expression, intonation, rhythm, and attention to punctuation

____ Reads at the appropriate speed for comprehension and text interaction

____ Reads silently over a sustained time period with longer texts

____ Reads accurately, with understanding, a later level transitional text (Text Level M)

Characteristics of Text at Emergent, Early, and Transitional Levels

Emergent Text Characteristics

Highly supported text with pictures and sight words

Familiar content

Repeated text pattern with predictable sentences

Beginning EMERGENT example:

one line of text per page



Later EMERGENT example:

2-5 lines of text per page

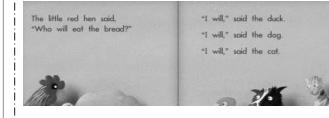
Introduction of dialogue using "said"



Early Text Characteristics

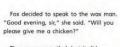
Beginning EARLY example:

Familiar, easy content Simple dialogue (some split dialogue) Many sentences with prepositional phrases and adjectives Some longer sentences (> 6 words) Two to six lines of text on each page Some sentences turn over to the next line Fewer repetitive language patterns



Later EARLY example:

Longer sentences Some unfamiliar or abstract content 8-16 pages long 3-8 lines of text per page Some complex letter/sound patterns Some multi-syllabic words Narratives contain more elaborate episodes Nonfiction has table of contents and glossary



The wax man smiled, but it did not answer.

Fox was upset. She said loudly, "Mister! I want a chicken now!"

Again, the wax man did not answe



Beginning TRANSITIONAL example:

60-100 pages of text Multiple non-fiction text structures Plots and characters that may be unfamiliar Complex sentences Long stretches of text with no picture support Variety of words to assign dialogue Some figurative language

Andy and Granny Webb decided to see how the caterpillar liked his new home in the science center. Dolores Starbuckle wandered over, too. "I'll be the teacher," said Dolores, pointing to a picture on the wall. "What is this, Granny Webb?" "I believe that that is a Murca domerrice, Dolores," said Granny. "Wrong," said Dolores. This is a picture of a housefly."



Later TRANSITIONAL example:

Most content carried by print instead of pictures Some abstract themes Multiple points of view of characters Multiple characters New vocabulary and content-specific words

"Presidents' Day means you see flags." "It means we don't have school on Monday," said Webster. "It means you can buy stuff on sale, because presidents are on money," said Heather S. "Let's not give away all our ideas," said Mrs. D. "I want everybody to write one page about what Presidents' Day

means to you." "Can we draw something, too?" asked Lucy. "Can we write a poem?" asked Sophie of the Elves. "Can we dress up?" asked Stink. "Yes, yes, and yes," his teacher said. "But I still want my one page." Stink took out his Big Head book of presidents. He flipped to the best president ever. President number four, James Madison.

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